

Our mission is to coalesce, inspire, and support the Head Start field as a leader in early childhood development and education.



Self-Reflection Worksheet Child Assessments

Assessments are an important—and often time-consuming—part of program practice. The Head Start Program Performance Standards (HSPPS) require programs to use child assessments for individualization and ensure the assessment meets certain requirements. But they don't require or recommend any specific tools. So, what child assessments does your program use and why? Do your current tools meet your program needs? This self-reflection worksheet is designed to help you evaluate your current child assessment tools.

Beyond meeting the HSPPS, why does your program conduct child assessments? What value do these

The Why

ssessments bring? (Be specific.)	
The What	
Reflect on one tool at a time. Print multiple copies of this worksheet for each screener your program uses. What type of child assessment is it?	
sit observation-based or direct? © Observation-based © Direct © Unsure Observation-based: Children are observed during everyday activities and evidence of specific skills or developmental progress is recorded. Direct: Children are asked to complete specific tasks or activities with right and wrong answers, such flashcards with a teacher or playing a game on an iPad that records responses.	

Is it aligned with the Head Start Early Learning Outcomes Framework?	□ Yes	□ No	Unsure
What domains of child development does the measure assess? Does it include the domains identified in the ELOF? If applicable, is it aligned with your state standards?			
Is it an accurate tool for the community you are serving?	□ Yes	□ No	Unsure
While a tool may advertise itself as valid and reliable, do you know if it was tested for use with children similar to those you serve? How did you check? A tool can be valid and reliable for one population but not another, based on student age, level of development, culture, language, and disability status.			
Is it an accurate tool for your intended purpose?	□ Yes	□ No	Unsure
A tool may also be valid and reliable for one purpose but not another. For example, a tool that was tested only for screening may not bear the same scientific validity as a formative assessment.			
Does it provide high-quality, usable information for you and your staff?	□ Yes	□ No	 Unsure
Can your program access and explore the data to aid decision-making? Can staff use the data to inform their instruction? Can your leadership team use it to inform coaching? Can the data be disaggregated by subgroup?			
Do the staff conducting the assessment have the appropriate training or qualifications?	□ Yes	□ No	□ Unsure
Different measures require different levels of training to get accurate results. What training is required? Do you have the capacity to provide this training to all appropriate staff? Is there a tool to support rater fidelity? Do you use it?			
The Alignment			
How many times did you select the following answers? Yes No		Uns	sure
All of the Yes-No questions are required components of any assessment you us selected "No" or "Unsure" for any of the questions above, it is a critical sign tha your program needs or the HSPPS (1302.33).	-		•
Does the assessment meet all / some / none of your program's needs	?		
Why did you select the answer above? What next steps should you take accord	ingly?		

Want to know more? Join us in January 2022 for our assessments webinar series! go.nhsa.org/AssessmentSeries