



The District of Columbia



2024 Head Start & **Early Head Start Profile**



SNAPSHOT

"I am very grateful for the supportive services Head Start provides for children and families. Head Start is evolving and getting better every day. They are there for children and families, they put tools in place to meet families' needs, and they good with grandparents and blended families. It takes a village to raise children and Head Start is that village."

Alisa Jackson-Gray





BY THE NUMBERS

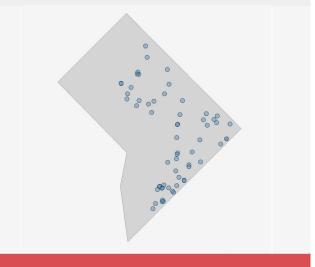
\$43,037,017 **FY23 Funding**

2,286 **Funded Seats Territory-wide**

448 **Funded Head Start Seats**

1,838 **Funded Early Head Start Seats**

Head Start and Early Head Start 56 **Centers Territory-wide**



Visit nhsa.org/locator to view maps in detail with congressional districts.



HEAD START'S MODEL

Nationwide, Comprehensive, Multi-Generational

In the nearly six decades since its founding, Head Start and Early Head Start has served nearly 40 million children and their families. Innovators and small business owners, police officers and members of the military, nurses and teachers, and even members of Congress—our alumni represent the vast and diverse fabric of our country. From early math and reading skills, to confidence and resilience, Head Start and Early Head Start helps children build the skills they need to be successful in school and life.

Head Start and Early Head Start takes a comprehensive approach to meeting the needs of young children and their families.

There are four pillars in every program.

Education: Learning experiences support intellectual, social, and emotional growth

Health Services: Immunizations, dental, medical, and mental health support, nutritional services, and early screenings ensure healthy development

Family Involvement: Opportunities for parents and caregivers to be involved in decision making, participate in classes, and volunteer in the program strengthen families

Wraparound Support: Tailored services meet local and individual needs and link children and families to community supports.

OJH	CHILDREN				
	16,028	Home Visits Conducted Throughout the Year	114	Children Received Care for a Chronic Health Condition	
	99	Pregnant Women Served	1,553	Children Received Preventative Dental Care	
	952	Newly Enrolled Children Completed Behavioral Screenings	1,144	Children Up-to-Date on Early and Periodic Screening, Diagnostic and Treatment Screenings	

Participation in Head Start improves the likelihood of educational success, including a "2.7% increase in high school completion, an 8.5% increase in college enrollment, and a 39% increase in college completion. These estimates imply sizable, long-term returns to investments in means-tested, public preschool programs."

Prep School for Poor Kids: The Long-Run Impacts of Head Start on Human Capital and Economic Self-Sufficiency (2021)

Ŷ ₈ ,Ŷ	FAMILIES	1,522	Families Received Services that Promote Family Outcomes
	130 Homeless Families Served	216	Fathers Involved in their Child's Educational Experiences

"The key takeaway is that **the benefits of Head Start appear to transfer from one generation to the next** in a substantial way... These results imply that cost-benefit analyses of Head Start and similar early childhood interventions underestimate the benefits of such programs by ignoring the transmission of positive effects across generations."

Breaking the Cycle? Intergenerational Effects of an Antipoverty Program in Early Childhood. (2022)

COMMUNITIES		830	Total Head Start and Early Head Start Staff
263	Head Start and Early Head Start Classrooms	1,114	Parents Employed, in School, or in Job Training

"Head Start generates a net present value of \$1,204 per child who attends", far exceeding the costs of the program. Additionally, "25 years after participation, **Head Start reduces the incidence of poor health.** These health impacts have large economic significance, as the U.S. annually spends \$144 billion on health conditions that limit work."

The physical and mental health returns of Head Start 25 years after participation: evidence from income eligibility cutoffs. (2023)